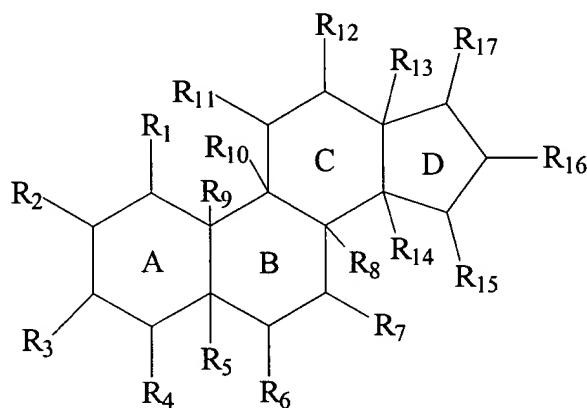


Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A compound according to formula I



I

wherein:

fused rings A, B, C, and D are independently saturated or fully or partially unsaturated;

and

R<sub>1</sub> through R<sub>4</sub>, R<sub>6</sub>, R<sub>7</sub>, R<sub>11</sub>, R<sub>12</sub>, R<sub>15</sub>, R<sub>16</sub>, and R<sub>17</sub> is each independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, hydroxyl, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) alkyl, (C1-C10) hydroxyalkyl, (C1-C10) alkyloxy-(C1-C10) alkyl, (C1-C10) alkylcarboxy-(C1-C10) alkyl, (C1-C10) alkylamino-(C1-C10) alkyl, (C1-C10) alkylamino- (C1-C10) alkylamino, (C1-C10) alkylamino- (C1-C10) alkylamino- (C1-C10) alkylamino, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkyl, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl, a substituted or unsubstituted arylamino- (C1-C10) alkyl, (C1-C10) haloalkyl, C2-C6 alkenyl, C2-C6 alkynyl, oxo, a linking group attached to a second steroid, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkyloxy, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkyloxy -(C1-C10) alkyl, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkylcarboxy, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkylaminocarbonyl, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkylcarboxamido,

H<sub>2</sub>N-HC(Q<sub>5</sub>)-C(O)-O-, H<sub>2</sub>N-HC(Q<sub>5</sub>)-C(O)-N(H)-, (C1-C10) azidoalkyloxy, (C1-C10) cyanoalkyloxy, P.G.-HN-HC(Q<sub>5</sub>)-C(O)-O-, (C1-C10) guanidinoalkyl oxy, (C1-C10) quaternaryammoniumalkylcarboxy, and (C1-C10) guanidinoalkyl carboxy, where Q<sub>5</sub> is a side chain of any amino acid, P.G. is an amino protecting group, and

R<sub>5</sub>, R<sub>8</sub>, R<sub>9</sub>, R<sub>10</sub>, R<sub>13</sub>, and R<sub>14</sub> is each independently:

deleted when one of fused rings A, B, C, or D is unsaturated so as to complete the valency of the carbon atom at that site, or

selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, hydroxyl, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) alkyl, (C1-C10) hydroxyalkyl, (C1-C10) alkyloxy-(C1-C10) alkyl, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkyl, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl, C1-C10 haloalkyl, C2-C6 alkenyl, C2-C6 alkynyl, a linking group attached to a second steroid, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkyloxy, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkylcarboxy, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkylaminocarbonyl, H<sub>2</sub>N-HC(Q<sub>5</sub>)-C(O)-O-, H<sub>2</sub>N-HC(Q<sub>5</sub>)-C(O)-N(H)-, (C1-C10) azidoalkyloxy, (C1-C10) cyanoalkyloxy, P.G.-HN-HC(Q<sub>5</sub>)-C(O)-O-, (C1-C10) guanidinoalkyloxy, and (C1-C10) guanidinoalkylcarboxy, where Q<sub>5</sub> is a side chain of any amino acid, P.G. is an amino protecting group, and

provided that at least two of R<sub>1</sub> through R<sub>14</sub> are independently selected from the group consisting of a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkyloxy, (C1-C10) alkylcarboxy-(C1-C10) alkyl, (C1-C10) alkylamino- (C1-C10) alkylamino, (C1-C10) alkylamino- (C1-C10) alkylamino- (C1-C10) alkylamino, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkylcarboxy, a substituted or unsubstituted arylamino- (C1-C10) alkyl, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkyloxy -(C1-C10) alkyl, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkylaminocarbonyl, (C1-C10) quaternaryammonium alkylcarboxy, H<sub>2</sub>N-HC(Q<sub>5</sub>)-C(O)-O-, H<sub>2</sub>N-HC(Q<sub>5</sub>)-C(O)-N(H)-, (C1-C10) azidoalkyloxy, (C1-C10) cyanoalkyloxy, P.G.-HN-HC(Q<sub>5</sub>)-C(O)-O-, (C1-C10) guanidinoalkyloxy, and (C1-C10) guanidinoalkylcarboxy, and further provided that R<sup>12</sup> cannot be hydrogen when all of the fused rings A, B, C, and D are saturated; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

2. (Withdrawn) The compound of claim 1, wherein at least one of the following pairs is deleted and the valency of the ring carbon atoms at these deleted positions is completed with a double bond: R<sub>5</sub> and R<sub>9</sub>; R<sub>8</sub> and R<sub>10</sub>; and R<sub>13</sub> and R<sub>14</sub>.

3. (Original) The compound of claim 1, wherein at least three of R<sub>1</sub> through R<sub>14</sub> are independently selected from the group consisting of a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkoxy, (C1-C10) alkylcarboxy-(C1-C10) alkyl, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkylcarboxy, (C1-C10) alkylamino- (C1-C10) alkylamino, (C1-C10) alkylamino- (C1-C10) alkylamino- (C1-C10) alkylamino, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkyl, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkylaminocarbonyl, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkylcarboxamido, a substituted or unsubstituted arylamino- (C1-C10) alkyl, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkoxy -(C1-C10) alkyl, H<sub>2</sub>N-HC(Q5)-C(O)-O-, H<sub>2</sub>N-HC(Q5)-C(O)-N(H)-, (C1-C10) azidoalkoxy, (C1-C10) cyanoalkoxy, (C1-C10) quaternaryammoniumalkylcarboxy, P.G.-HN-HC(Q5)-C(O)-O-, (C1-C10) guanidinoalkoxy, and (C1-C10) guanidinoalkylcarboxy.

4. (Withdrawn) The compound of claim 3, wherein the 3 of R<sub>1</sub> through R<sub>14</sub> independently selected from the group consisting of a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) alkylcarboxy-(C1-C10) alkyl, (C1-C10) alkylamino-(C1-C10) alkyl, (C1-C10) alkylamino- (C1-C10) alkylamino, (C1-C10) alkylamino- (C1-C10) alkylamino- (C1-C10) alkylamino, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkyl, a substituted or unsubstituted arylamino- (C1-C10) alkyl, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkoxy -(C1-C10) alkyl, and (C1-C10) quaternaryammoniumalkylcarboxy.

5. (Withdrawn) The compound of claim 1, wherein the second steroid is a compound of formula I.

6. (Withdrawn) The compound of claim 1, wherein the linking group is (C1-C10) alkoxy-(C1-C10) alkyl.

7. (Original) The compound of claim 1, wherein none of R<sub>5</sub>, R<sub>8</sub>, R<sub>9</sub>, R<sub>13</sub>, and R<sub>14</sub> is deleted.

8. (Original) The compound of claim 1, wherein each of R<sub>3</sub>, R<sub>7</sub>, and R<sub>12</sub> is independently selected from the group consisting of a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkoxy, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkylcarboxy, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkylaminocarbonyl, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkylcarboxamido, H<sub>2</sub>N-HC(Q5)-C(O)-O-, H<sub>2</sub>N-HC(Q5)-C(O)-N(H)-, (C1-C10) azidoalkoxy, (C1-C10) cyanoalkylcarboxy, P.G.-HN-HC(Q5)-C(O)-O-, (C1-C10)

guanidinoalkyloxy, and (C1-C10) guanidinoalkylcarboxy, where Q5 is a side chain of any amino acid, P.G. is an amino protecting group or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

9. (Original) The compound of claim 8, wherein  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ ,  $R_4$ ,  $R_5$ ,  $R_6$ ,  $R_8$ ,  $R_{10}$ ,  $R_{11}$ ,  $R_{13}$ ,  $R_{14}$ ,  $R_{15}$ , and  $R_{16}$  are hydrogen.

10. (Original) The compound of claim 9, wherein  $R_{17}$  is  $-CR_{18}R_{19}R_{20}$ , where each of  $R_{18}$ ,  $R_{19}$ , and  $R_{20}$ , is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, hydroxyl, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) alkyl, (C1-C10) hydroxyalkyl, (C1-C10) alkyloxy-(C1-C10) alkyl, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkyl, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl, (C1-C10) haloalkyl, (C2-C6) alkenyl, (C2-C6) alkynyl, oxo, and a linking group attached to a second steroid.

11. (Original) The compound of claim 8, wherein each of  $R_3$ ,  $R_7$ , and  $R_{12}$ , is independently selected from the group consisting of  $-O-(CH_2)_n-NH_2$ ,  $-O-CO-(CH_2)_n-NH_2$ ,  $-O-(CH_2)_n-NH-C(NH)-NH_2$ ,  $-O-(CH_2)_n-N_3$ ,  $-O-(CH_2)_n-CN$ , where  $n$  is 1 to 3, and  $-O-C(O)-HC(Q5)-NH_2$ , where Q5 is a side chain of any amino acid.

12. (Original) The compound of claim 8, wherein each of  $R_3$ ,  $R_7$ , and  $R_{12}$ , is  $-O-CO-(CH_2)_n-NH_2$ , where  $n$  is 1 to 4.

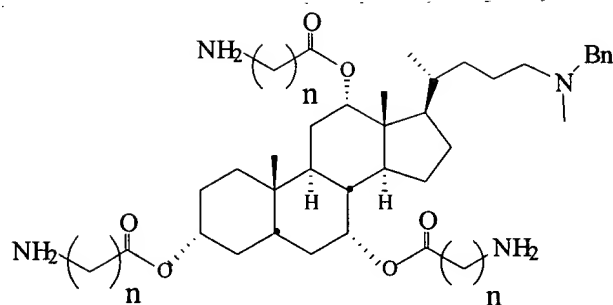
13. (Withdrawn) The compound of claim 12, wherein  $R_{17}$  is  $-CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_3-O-(CH_2)_n-NH_2$ , wherein  $n$  is 1-7.

14. (Original) The compound of claim 12, wherein  $R_{17}$  is  $-CH(CH_3)-(CH_2)_n-NR^1R^2$ , wherein  $n$  is 0-2,  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  are independently (C1-C6) alkyl, aryl or aralkyl.

15. (Withdrawn) The compound of claim 1, wherein  $R_{17}$  is  $-CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_{n1}-CO-OR^3$ , where  $R^3$  is selected from  $-(CH_2)_{n2}N^+(CH_3)_3$ , wherein  $n1$  and  $n2$  are independently 1-4.

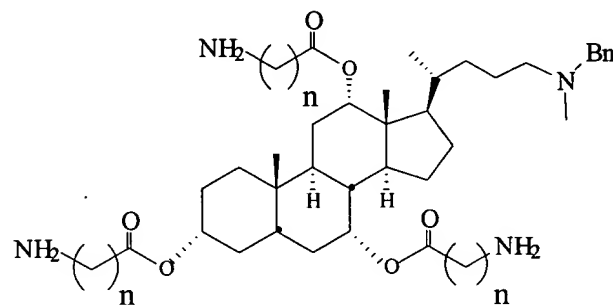
16. (Withdrawn) The compound of claim 15, wherein  $R_3$ ,  $R_7$ , and  $R_{12}$  are  $-O-C(O)-(CH_2)_n-NH_2$ , wherein  $n$  is 1-5.

17. (Withdrawn) The compound of claim 1 having the following formula:



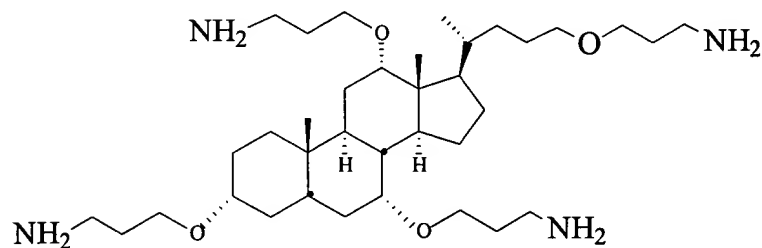
wherein  $n$  is 1-3, and Bn is a benzyl group.

18. (Withdrawn) The compound of claim 1 having the following formula:

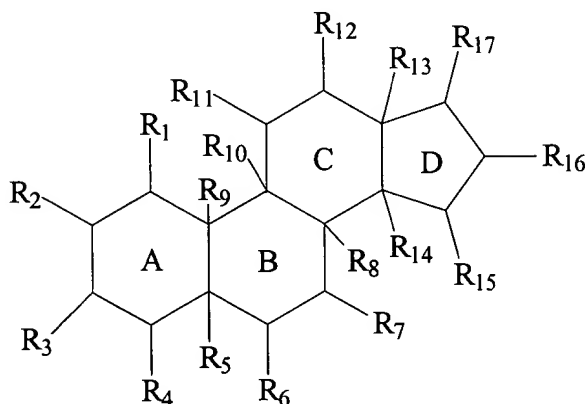


wherein  $n$  is 1-3, and R is selected from  $n$ -octyl, and trimethylethylammonio.

19. (Withdrawn) The compound of claim 1 having the formula:



20. (Withdrawn) A method of preparing the compound according to formula I



I

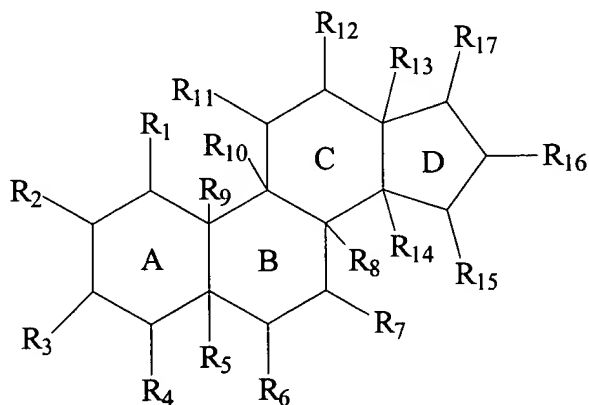
wherein fused rings A, B, C, and D are independently saturated or fully or partially unsaturated;  
and

R<sub>1</sub> through R<sub>4</sub>, R<sub>6</sub>, R<sub>7</sub>, R<sub>11</sub>, R<sub>12</sub>, R<sub>15</sub>, R<sub>16</sub>, and R<sub>17</sub> is each independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, hydroxyl, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) alkyl, (C1-C10) hydroxyalkyl, (C1-C10) alkyloxy-(C1-C10) alkyl, (C1-C10) alkylcarboxy-(C1-C10) alkyl, (C1-C10) alkylamino-(C1-C10) alkyl, (C1-C10) alkylamino- (C1-C10) alkylamino, (C1-C10) alkylamino- (C1-C10) alkylamino- (C1-C10) alkylamino, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkyl, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl, a substituted or unsubstituted arylamino- (C1-C10) alkyl, (C1-C10) haloalkyl, C2-C6 alkenyl, C2-C6 alkynyl, oxo, a linking group attached to a second steroid, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkyloxy, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkyloxy -(C1-C10) alkyl, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkylcarboxy, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkylaminocarbonyl, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkylcarboxamido, H<sub>2</sub>N-HC(Q5)-C(O)-O-, H<sub>2</sub>N-HC(Q5)-C(O)-N(H)-, (C1-C10) azidoalkyloxy, (C1-C10) cyanoalkyloxy, P.G.-HN-HC(Q5)-C(O)-O-, (C1-C10) guanidinoalkyl oxy, (C1-C10) quaternaryammoniumalkylcarboxy, and (C1-C10) guanidinoalkyl carboxy, where Q5 is a side chain of any amino acid, P.G. is an amino protecting group, and  
R<sub>5</sub>, R<sub>8</sub>, R<sub>9</sub>, R<sub>10</sub>, R<sub>13</sub>, and R<sub>14</sub> is each independently:  
deleted when one of fused rings A, B, C, or D is unsaturated so as to complete the valency of the carbon atom at that site, or

selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, hydroxyl, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) alkyl, (C1-C10) hydroxyalkyl, (C1-C10) alkyloxy-(C1-C10) alkyl, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkyl, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl, C1-C10 haloalkyl, C2-C6 alkenyl, C2-C6 alkynyl, a linking group attached to a second steroid, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkyloxy, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkylcarboxy, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkylaminocarbonyl, H<sub>2</sub>N-HC(Q5)-C(O)-O-, H<sub>2</sub>N-HC(Q5)-C(O)-N(H)-, (C1-C10) azidoalkyloxy, (C1-C10) cyanoalkyloxy, P.G.-HN-HC(Q5)-C(O)-O-, (C1-C10) guanidinoalkyloxy, and (C1-C10) guanidinoalkylcarboxy, where Q5 is a side chain of any amino acid, P.G. is an amino protecting group, and

provided that at least two of R<sub>1</sub> through R<sub>14</sub> are independently selected from the group consisting of a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkyloxy, (C1-C10) alkylcarboxy-(C1-C10) alkyl, (C1-C10) alkylamino- (C1-C10) alkylamino, (C1-C10) alkylamino- (C1-C10) alkylamino- (C1-C10) alkylamino, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkylcarboxy, a substituted or unsubstituted arylamino- (C1-C10) alkyl, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkyloxy -(C1-C10) alkyl, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkylaminocarbonyl, (C1-C10) quaternaryammonium alkylcarboxy, H<sub>2</sub>N-HC(Q5)-C(O)-O-, H<sub>2</sub>N-HC(Q5)-C(O)-N(H)-, (C1-C10) azidoalkyloxy, (C1-C10) cyanoalkyloxy, P.G.-HN-HC(Q5)-C(O)-O-, (C1-C10) guanidinoalkyloxy, and (C1-C10) guanidinoalkylcarboxy; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof;

the method comprising contacting a compound of formula IV,

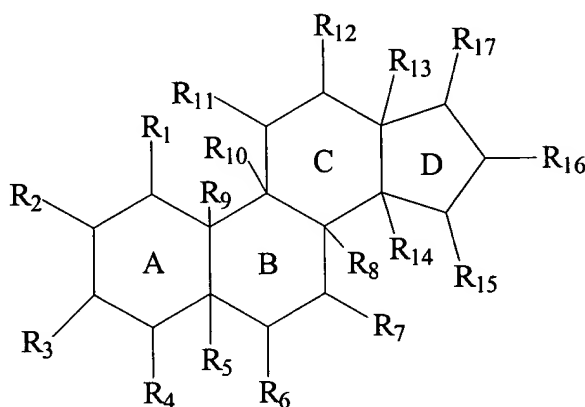


where at least two of R<sub>1</sub> through R<sub>14</sub> are hydroxyl, and the remaining moieties on the fused rings A, B, C, and D are defined for formula I, with an electrophile to produce an alkyl ether compound of formula IV, wherein at least two of R<sub>1</sub> through R<sub>14</sub> are (C1-C10)alkyloxy; converting the alkyl ether compounds into an amino precursor compound wherein at least two of R<sub>1</sub> through R<sub>14</sub> are independently selected from the group consisting of (C1-C10) azidoalkyloxy and (C1-C10) cyanoalkyloxy; and reducing the amino precursor compound to form a compound of formula I.

21. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 20, wherein the electrophile is allylbromide.

22. (Withdrawn) A method of producing a compound of formula I:

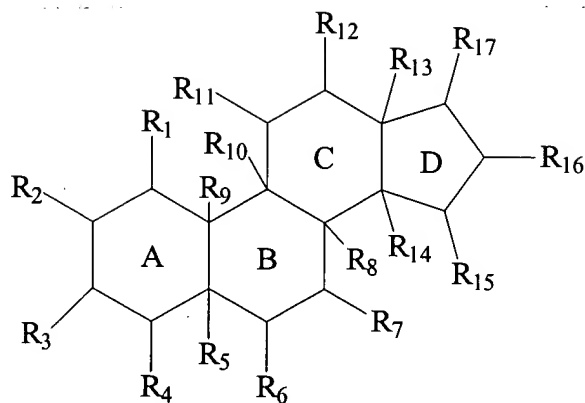
I



wherein fused rings A, B, C, and D are independently saturated or fully or partially unsaturated; and R<sub>1</sub> through R<sub>4</sub>, R<sub>6</sub>, R<sub>7</sub>, R<sub>11</sub>, R<sub>12</sub>, R<sub>15</sub>, R<sub>16</sub>, and R<sub>17</sub> is each independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, hydroxyl, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) alkyl, (C1-C10) hydroxyalkyl, (C1-C10) alkyloxy-(C1-C10) alkyl, (C1-C10) alkylcarboxy-(C1-C10) alkyl, (C1-C10) alkylamino-(C1-C10) alkyl, (C1-C10) alkylamino-(C1-C10) alkylamino, (C1-C10) alkylamino-(C1-C10) alkylamino-(C1-C10) alkylamino, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkyl, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl, a substituted or unsubstituted arylamino-(C1-C10) alkyl, (C1-C10) haloalkyl, C2-C6 alkenyl, C2-C6 alkynyl, oxo, a linking group attached to a second steroid, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkyloxy, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkyloxy-(C1-C10) alkyl, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkylcarboxy, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkylaminocarbonyl, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkylcarboxamido,



H<sub>2</sub>N-HC(Q<sub>5</sub>)-C(O)-O-, H<sub>2</sub>N-HC(Q<sub>5</sub>)-C(O)-N(H)-, (C1-C10) azidoalkyloxy, (C1-C10) cyanoalkyloxy, P.G.-HN-HC(Q<sub>5</sub>)-C(O)-O-, (C1-C10) guanidinoalkyl oxy, (C1-C10) quaternaryammoniumalkylcarboxy, and (C1-C10) guanidinoalkyl carboxy, where Q<sub>5</sub> is a side chain of any amino acid, P.G. is an amino protecting group, and R<sub>5</sub>, R<sub>8</sub>, R<sub>9</sub>, R<sub>10</sub>, R<sub>13</sub>, and R<sub>14</sub> is each independently:  
deleted when one of fused rings A, B, C, or D is unsaturated so as to complete the valency of the carbon atom at that site, or  
selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, hydroxyl, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) alkyl, (C1-C10) hydroxyalkyl, (C1-C10) alkyloxy-(C1-C10) alkyl, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkyl, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl, C1-C10 haloalkyl, C2-C6 alkenyl, C2-C6 alkynyl, a linking group attached to a second steroid, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkyloxy, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkylcarboxy, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkylaminocarbonyl, H<sub>2</sub>N-HC(Q<sub>5</sub>)-C(O)-O-, H<sub>2</sub>N-HC(Q<sub>5</sub>)-C(O)-N(H)-, (C1-C10) azidoalkyloxy, (C1-C10) cyanoalkyloxy, P.G.-HN-HC(Q<sub>5</sub>)-C(O)-O-, (C1-C10) guanidinoalkyloxy, and (C1-C10) guanidinoalkylcarboxy, where Q<sub>5</sub> is a side chain of any amino acid, P.G. is an amino protecting group, and  
provided that at least two of R<sub>1</sub> through R<sub>14</sub> are independently selected from the group consisting of a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkyloxy, (C1-C10) alkylcarboxy-(C1-C10) alkyl, (C1-C10) alkylamino- (C1-C10) alkylamino, (C1-C10) alkylamino- (C1-C10) alkylamino- (C1-C10) alkylamino, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkylcarboxy, a substituted or unsubstituted arylamino- (C1-C10) alkyl, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkyloxy -(C1-C10) alkyl, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkylaminocarbonyl, (C1-C10) quaternaryammonium alkylcarboxy, H<sub>2</sub>N-HC(Q<sub>5</sub>)-C(O)-O-, H<sub>2</sub>N-HC(Q<sub>5</sub>)-C(O)-N(H)-, (C1-C10) azidoalkyloxy, (C1-C10) cyanoalkyloxy, P.G.-HN-HC(Q<sub>5</sub>)-C(O)-O-, (C1-C10) guanidinoalkyloxy, and (C1-C10) guanidinoalkylcarboxy; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof;  
the method comprising contacting a compound of formula IV,



IV

where at least two of  $R_1$  through  $R_{14}$  are hydroxyl, and the remaining moieties on the fused rings A, B, C, and D are defined for formula I, with an electrophile to produce an alkyl ether compound of formula IV, wherein at least two of  $R_1$  through  $R_{14}$  are (C1-C10) alkyloxy; converting the alkyl ether compound into an amino precursor compound wherein at least two of  $R_1$  through  $R_{14}$  are independently selected from the group consisting of (C1-C10) azidoalkyloxy and (C1-C10) cyanoalkyloxy;

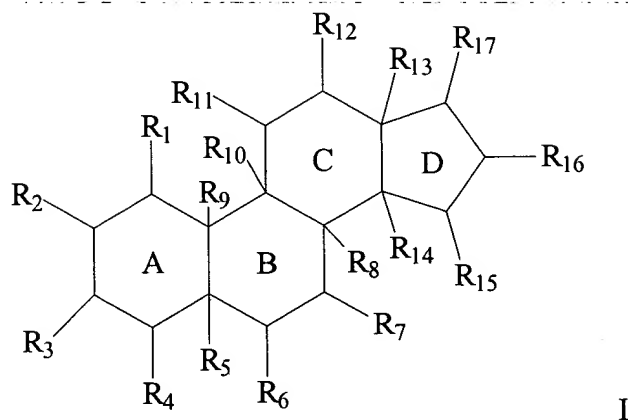
reducing the amino precursor compound to produce an aminoalkyl ether compound wherein at least two of  $R_1$  through  $R_{14}$  are (C1-C10) aminoalkyloxy; and

contacting the aminoalkyl ether compound with a guanidino producing electrophile to form a compound of formula I.

23. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 22, wherein the guanidino producing electrophile is  $\text{HSO}_3\text{-C(NH)-NH}_2$ .

24. (Currently Amended) A pharmaceutical composition comprising an effective amount of a compound ~~of claim 1~~ of formula (I):[.]

Gg



wherein:

fused rings A, B, C, and D are independently saturated or fully or partially unsaturated;

and

R<sub>1</sub> through R<sub>4</sub>, R<sub>6</sub>, R<sub>7</sub>, R<sub>11</sub>, R<sub>12</sub>, R<sub>15</sub>, R<sub>16</sub>, and R<sub>17</sub> is each independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, hydroxyl, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) alkyl, (C1-C10) hydroxyalkyl, (C1-C10) alkyloxy-(C1-C10) alkyl, (C1-C10) alkylcarboxy-(C1-C10) alkyl, (C1-C10) alkylamino-(C1-C10) alkyl, (C1-C10) alkylamino- (C1-C10) alkylamino, (C1-C10) alkylamino- (C1-C10) alkylamino- (C1-C10) alkylamino, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkyl, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl, a substituted or unsubstituted arylamino- (C1-C10) alkyl, (C1-C10) haloalkyl, C2-C6 alkenyl, C2-C6 alkynyl, oxo, a linking group attached to a second steroid, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkyloxy, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkyloxy -(C1-C10) alkyl, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkylcarboxy, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkylaminocarbonyl, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkylcarboxamido, H<sub>2</sub>N-HC(Q5)-C(O)-O-, H<sub>2</sub>N-HC(Q5)-C(O)-N(H)-, (C1-C10) azidoalkyloxy, (C1-C10) cyanoalkyloxy, P.G.-HN-HC(Q5)-C(O)-O-, (C1-C10) guanidinoalkyl oxy, (C1-C10) quaternaryammoniumalkylcarboxy, and (C1-C10) guanidinoalkyl carboxy, where Q5 is a side chain of any amino acid, P.G. is an amino protecting group, and

R<sub>5</sub>, R<sub>8</sub>, R<sub>9</sub>, R<sub>10</sub>, R<sub>13</sub>, and R<sub>14</sub> is each independently:

deleted when one of fused rings A, B, C, or D is unsaturated so as to complete the valency of the carbon atom at that site, or

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selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, hydroxyl, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) alkyl, (C1-C10) hydroxyalkyl, (C1-C10) alkyloxy-(C1-C10) alkyl, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkyl, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl, C1-C10 haloalkyl, C2-C6 alkenyl, C2-C6 alkynyl, a linking group attached to a second steroid, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkyloxy, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkylcarboxy, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkylaminocarbonyl, H2N-HC(Q5)-C(O)-O-, H2N-HC(Q5)-C(O)-N(H)-, (C1-C10) azidoalkyloxy, (C1-C10) cyanoalkyloxy, P.G.-HN-HC(Q5)-C(O)-O-, (C1-C10) guanidinoalkyloxy, and (C1-C10) guanidinoalkylcarboxy, where Q5 is a side chain of any amino acid, P.G. is an amino protecting group, and

provided that at least two of R<sub>1</sub> through R<sub>14</sub> are independently selected from the group consisting of a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkyloxy, (C1-C10) alkylcarboxy-(C1-C10) alkyl, (C1-C10) alkylamino- (C1-C10) alkylamino, (C1-C10) alkylamino- (C1-C10) alkylamino- (C1-C10) alkylamino, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkylcarboxy, a substituted or unsubstituted arylamino- (C1-C10) alkyl, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkyloxy -(C1-C10) alkyl, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkylaminocarbonyl, (C1-C10) quaternaryammonium alkylcarboxy, H2N-HC(Q5)-C(O)-O-, H2N-HC(Q5)-C(O)-N(H)-, (C1-C10) azidoalkyloxy, (C1-C10) cyanoalkyloxy, P.G.-HN-HC(Q5)-C(O)-O-, (C1-C10) guanidinoalkyloxy, and (C1-C10) guanidinoalkylcarboxy; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

25. (Original) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 24, wherein the composition includes additional antibiotics.

26. (Withdrawn) A method of treating a microbial infection of a host by administering to the host an effective amount of an anti-microbial composition comprising a compound according to claim 1.

27. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 26 wherein the host is a human.

28. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 26 wherein the anti-microbial composition further comprises a second anti-microbial substance to be delivered into a microbial cell.

29. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 28 wherein the second anti-microbial substance is an anti-biotic.

30. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 26 wherein the infection is a bacterial infection.
31. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 30 wherein the infection is a Gram-negative bacterial infection.
32. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 30 wherein the bacterial infection is an infection with a bacterium characterized by an outer membrane comprising a substantial percentage of lipid A.
33. (Withdrawn) A method of enhancing cell permeability by administering to the cell a permeability-enhancing amount of the compound of claim 1.
34. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 33 further comprising administering to the cell a substance to be introduced into the cell.
35. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 34 in which the cell is a bacterium.
36. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 35 in which the bacterium is a Gram-negative bacterium.
37. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 34 in which the cell is a sperm cell and the compound is part of a spermicidal composition.
38. (Withdrawn) A method of identifying compounds effective against a microbe comprising administering a candidate compound and a compound according to claim 1 to the microbe and determining whether the candidate compound has a static or toxic effect on the microbe.
39. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 38 in which the microbe is a Gram-negative bacterium.
40. (Withdrawn) A method of microbial growth control comprising contacting a microbe with an effective amount of anti-microbial composition comprising a compound according to claim 1.
41. (Withdrawn) A composition of matter comprising the compound of claim 1 in combination with an anti-microbial substance to be introduced into a cell.
42. (Withdrawn) A compound comprising a ring system of at least 4 fused rings, each of the rings having from 5-7 atoms, the ring system having two faces, wherein the compound

comprises 3 chains attached to the same face of the ring system, each of the chains containing a multiple nitrogen-containing group, wherein the multiple nitrogen-containing group is separated from the ring system by at least one atom, and wherein the multiple nitrogen-containing group is a (C1-C10) alkylamino (C1-C1) alkyamino group or a (C1-C10) alkylamino (C1-C1) alkyamino (C1-C1) alkyamino group.

43. (Withdrawn) The compound of claim 42, wherein each of the multiple nitrogen-containing groups is separated from the steroid backbone by at least two atoms.

44. (Withdrawn) The compound of claim 43, wherein each of the multiple nitrogen-containing groups is separated from the steroid backbone by at least three atoms.

45. (Withdrawn) The compound of claim 44, wherein each of the multiple nitrogen-containing groups is separated from the steroid backbone by at least four atoms.

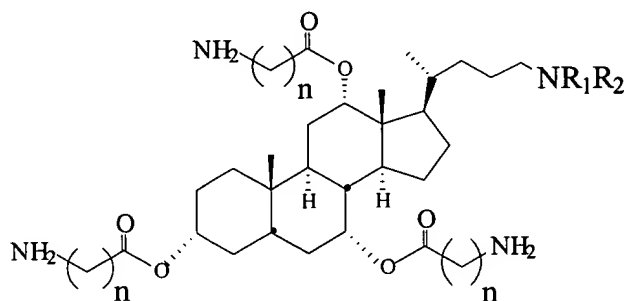
46. (Withdrawn) The compound of claim 42, wherein the compound further comprises a hydrophobic group attached to the steroid backbone.

47. (Withdrawn) The compound of claim 74, wherein the hydrophobic group is selected from the group consisting of a substituted (C3-10) aminoalkyl group, a (C1-10) alkyloxy (C3-10) alkyl group, and a (C1-10) alkylamino (C3-10)alkyl group.

48. (Withdrawn) A pharmaceutical composition comprising an effective amount of a compound of claim 42.

49. (Withdrawn) A method of enhancing cell permeability by administering to the cell a permeability enhancing amount of the compound of claim 42.

50. (Withdrawn) A compound of claim 1 having the formula:

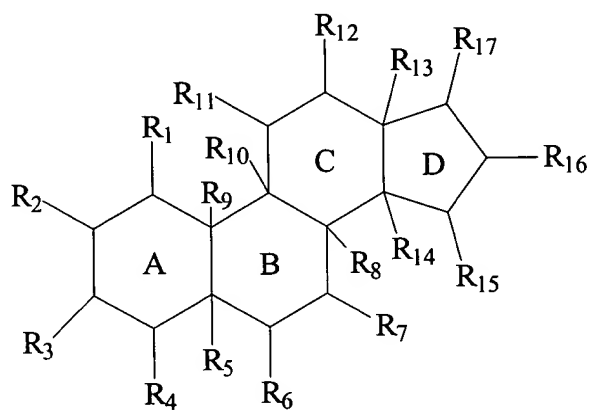


wherein  $R_1$  is selected from hydrogen, or (C1-C10) alkylamino,  $R_2$  is selected from (C1-C10) alkylamino or (C1-C10) alkylamino-(C1-C10) alkylamino, and  $n$  is 1-3.

51. (Withdrawn) The compound of claim 1, wherein  $R_1$  is hydrogen and  $R_2$  is (C1-C10) alkylamino-(C1-C10) alkylamino.

52. (Withdrawn) The compound of claim 1, wherein  $R_1$  is (C1-C10) alkylamino, and  $R_2$  is (C1-C10) alkylamino.

53. (Original) A compound according to formula I



I

wherein:

fused rings A, B, C, and D are independently saturated or fully or partially unsaturated;

and

$R_1$  through  $R_4$ ,  $R_6$ ,  $R_7$ ,  $R_{11}$ ,  $R_{12}$ ,  $R_{15}$ , and  $R_{16}$ , is each independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, hydroxyl, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) alkyl, (C1-C10) hydroxyalkyl, (C1-C10) alkyloxy-(C1-C10) alkyl, (C1-C10) alkylcarboxy-(C1-C10) alkyl, (C1-C10) alkylamino-(C1-C10) alkyl, (C1-C10) alkylamino-(C1-C10) alkylamino, (C1-C10) alkylamino-(C1-C10) alkylamino-(C1-C10) alkylamino, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkyl, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl, a substituted or unsubstituted arylamino-(C1-C10) alkyl, (C1-C10) haloalkyl, C2-C6 alkenyl, C2-C6 alkynyl, oxo, a linking group attached to a second steroid, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkyloxy, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkyloxy-(C1-C10) alkyl, a substituted or

unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkylcarboxy, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkylaminocarbonyl, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkylcarboxamido, H<sub>2</sub>N-HC(Q<sub>5</sub>)-C(O)-O-, H<sub>2</sub>N-HC(Q<sub>5</sub>)-C(O)-N(H)-, (C1-C10) azidoalkyloxy, (C1-C10) cyanoalkyloxy, P.G.-HN-HC(Q<sub>5</sub>)-C(O)-O-, (C1-C10) guanidinoalkyl oxy, (C1-C10) quaternaryammoniumalkylcarboxy, and (C1-C10) guanidinoalkyl carboxy, where Q<sub>5</sub> is a side chain of any amino acid, P.G. is an amino protecting group, and

R<sub>5</sub>, R<sub>8</sub>, R<sub>9</sub>, R<sub>10</sub>, R<sub>13</sub>, and R<sub>14</sub> is each independently:

deleted when one of fused rings A, B, C, or D is unsaturated so as to complete the valency of the carbon atom at that site, or

selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, hydroxyl, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) alkyl, (C1-C10) hydroxyalkyl, (C1-C10) alkyloxy-(C1-C10) alkyl, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkyl, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl, C1-C10 haloalkyl, C2-C6 alkenyl, C2-C6 alkynyl, a linking group attached to a second steroid, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkyloxy, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkylcarboxy, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkylaminocarbonyl, H<sub>2</sub>N-HC(Q<sub>5</sub>)-C(O)-O-, H<sub>2</sub>N-HC(Q<sub>5</sub>)-C(O)-N(H)-, (C1-C10) azidoalkyloxy, (C1-C10) cyanoalkyloxy, P.G.-HN-HC(Q<sub>5</sub>)-C(O)-O-, (C1-C10) guanidinoalkyloxy, and (C1-C10) guanidinoalkylcarboxy, where Q<sub>5</sub> is a side chain of any amino acid, P.G. is an amino protecting group, and

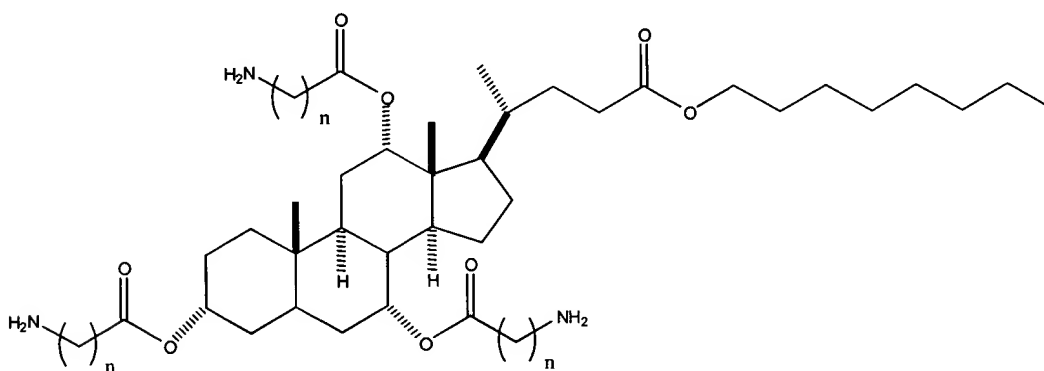
R<sub>17</sub> is selected from the group consisting of substituted or unsubstituted alkylcarboxyalkyl and protected or unprotected poly(aminoalkyl),

provided that at least two of R<sub>1</sub> through R<sub>14</sub> are independently selected from the group consisting of a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkyloxy, (C1-C10) alkylcarboxy-(C1-C10) alkyl, (C1-C10) alkylamino- (C1-C10) alkylamino, (C1-C10) alkylamino- (C1-C10) alkylamino- (C1-C10) alkylamino, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkylcarboxy, a substituted or unsubstituted arylamino- (C1-C10) alkyl, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkyloxy -(C1-C10) alkyl, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkylaminocarbonyl, (C1-C10) quaternaryammonium alkylcarboxy, H<sub>2</sub>N-HC(Q<sub>5</sub>)-C(O)-



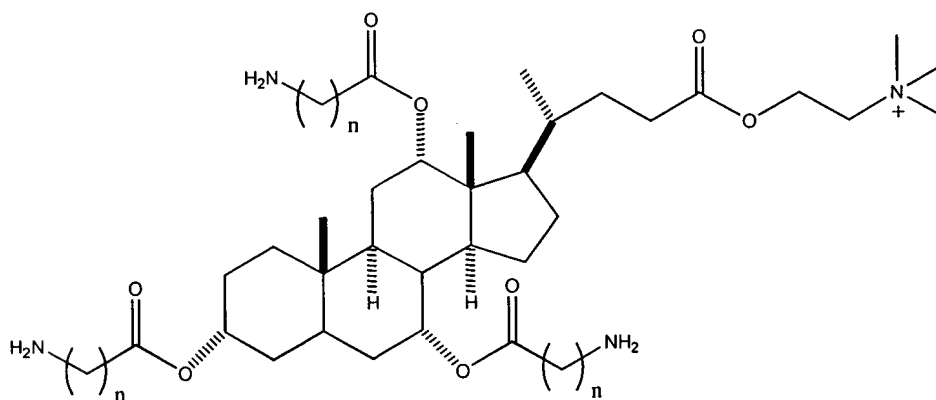
O-, H<sub>2</sub>N-HC(Q5)-C(O)-N(H)-, (C1-C10) azidoalkyloxy, (C1-C10) cyanoalkyloxy, P.G.-HN-  
HC(Q5)-C(O)-O-, (C1-C10) guanidinoalkyloxy, and (C1-C10) guanidinoalkylcarboxy; or a  
pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

54. (Withdrawn) The compound of claim 53, wherein the compound has the formula:



wherein n is 1-3.

55. (Withdrawn) The compound of claim 53, wherein the compound has the formula:



wherein n is 1-3.

The chemical structure shows a steroid nucleus with three 3-aminopropoxy side chains. The side chains are attached to the 3, 14, and 20 positions of the steroid core. The 3-aminopropoxy group is attached to the 3-position of the A-ring. The 14-aminopropoxy group is attached to the 14-position of the D-ring. The 20-aminopropoxy group is attached to the 20-position of the E-ring. The steroid core is shown with stereochemistry: the 14-position is a chiral center with a methyl group (wedge) and a hydrogen atom (dash). The 20-position is a chiral center with a methyl group (wedge) and a hydrogen atom (dash). The 3-position is a chiral center with a methyl group (wedge) and a hydrogen atom (dash). The 14-aminopropoxy group is attached to the 14-position of the D-ring. The 20-aminopropoxy group is attached to the 20-position of the E-ring. The 3-aminopropoxy group is attached to the 3-position of the A-ring.

The chemical structure shows a steroid nucleus with three 3-aminopropyl ether side chains. The side chains are attached at the 3, 14, and 17 positions. The 3-position side chain is attached via an oxygen atom to the 3-position of the A-ring. The 14-position side chain is attached via an oxygen atom to the 14-position of the D-ring. The 17-position side chain is attached via an oxygen atom to the 17-position of the E-ring. The side chains are: -OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub> at C-3, -OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub> at C-14, and -OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub> at C-17. Stereochemistry is indicated with wedges and dashes at C-13, C-14, and C-17.

The chemical structure shows a complex pentacyclic core. It features several substituents: a 3-aminopropoxy group at the top, a 3-aminopropoxy group at the bottom left, a 3-aminopropoxy group at the bottom right, and a 3,3'-diaminopropyl group at the top right. The structure includes multiple stereocenters indicated by wedged and dashed bonds.

59. (New) The compound of claim 1, wherein  $R_{12}$  is selected from the group consisting of hydroxyl, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) alkyl, (C1-C10) hydroxyalkyl, (C1-C10) alkyloxy-(C1-C10) alkyl, (C1-C10) alkylcarboxy-(C1-C10) alkyl, (C1-C10) alkylamino-(C1-C10) alkyl, (C1-C10) alkylamino- (C1-C10) alkylamino, (C1-C10) alkylamino- (C1-C10) alkylamino- (C1-C10) alkylamino, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkyl, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl, a substituted or unsubstituted arylamino- (C1-C10) alkyl, (C1-C10) haloalkyl, C2-C6 alkenyl, C2-C6 alkynyl, oxo, a linking group attached to a second steroid, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkyloxy, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkyloxy-(C1-C10) alkyl, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkylcarboxy, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkylaminocarbonyl, a substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10) aminoalkylcarboxamido,  $H_2N-HC(Q_5)-C(O)-O-$ ,  $H_2N-HC(Q_5)-C(O)-N(H)-$ , (C1-C10) azidoalkyloxy, (C1-C10) cyanoalkyloxy, P.G.-HN-HC(Q5)-C(O)-O-, (C1-C10) guanidinoalkyl oxy, (C1-C10) quaternaryammoniumalkylcarboxy, and (C1-C10) guanidinoalkyl carboxy, where  $Q_5$  is a side chain of any amino acid, P.G. is an amino protecting group.